



Data Sources: Park boundary created by NC State University and updated by VAFO staff; vegetation data created by the North Carolina State University - Center for Earth Observation; Pennsylvania Natural Diversity Inventory - East, The Nature Conservancy (Pennsylvania Science Office);


Legend

 Authorized Park Boundary


 Privately Owned Inholdings


Known Biologically Significant Areas by Vegetation Alliance


 Acer saccharinum Temporarily Flooded Forest Alliance

 Grassland (Dactylis glomerata Rumex acetosella Herbaceous Alliance) - Tallgrass

 Liriodendron tulipifera Forest Alliance

 Lowland Talus Sparse Vegetation Alliance

 Platanus - Fraxinus Floodplain Forest


 Quercus prinus (Q. coccinea, Q. velutina) Forest Alliance

 Water

 Wet Meadow (PA-type)

Marginal Habitat

 Marginal Value Areas

 Developed Land

 Transportation Corridors

Basis for Classification of the Vegetation:

- Species of Concern present
- Species Richness for vegetation, herps, birds
- Habitat critical to sustaining these species (eg. wetlands)
- Areas of highest vegetation integrity
- Areas which support natural processes (eg. floodplains, groundwater recharge areas)



April 3, 2003



Valley Forge
National Historical Park

GMP/EIS General Management Plan/
Environmental Impact Statement

0 0.25 0.5
Miles

Known
Biologically
Important Areas